UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

THEODORE LATIMORE,

Petitioner,

-against-

CLINTON COUNTY,

Respondent.

24-CV-4276 (LTS)

ORDER TO AMEND

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN, Chief United States District Judge:

Petitioner, currently incarcerated at Altona Correctional Facility in Clinton County, New York, brings this *pro se* petition for a writ of *habeas corpus*, which is captioned for the New York State Supreme Court, Clinton County. By order dated July 2, 2024, the Court granted Petitioner's request to proceed *in forma pauperis* ("IFP"). The Court notifies Petitioner that this application must be recharacterized as a petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 and grants Petitioner leave to withdraw the application, within 30 days, if he does not want it to be recharacterized. If Petitioner wishes to proceed with a Section 2254 petition, he must file an amended Section 2254 petition, as detailed below, within 60 days of the date of this order.

STANDARD OF REVIEW

The Court may entertain a petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* on "behalf of a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254(a). Under Rule 4 of the Rules Governing § 2254 Cases, the Court has the authority to review and dismiss a Section 2254 petition without ordering a responsive pleading from the state, "[i]f it plainly appears from the petition and any attached exhibits that the petitioner is not entitled to relief in the district court." Rules Governing § 2254 Cases, Rule 4; *see Acosta v. Artuz*, 221 F.3d 117, 123 (2d Cir. 2000). The Court is obliged, however, to construe *pro se* pleadings liberally and interpret

them "to raise the strongest arguments they *suggest*." *Triestman v. Fed. Bureau of Prisons*, 470 F.3d 471, 474 (2d Cir. 2006) (internal quotation marks and citations omitted) (emphasis in original); *see Green v. United States*, 260 F.3d 78, 83 (2d Cir. 2001). Nevertheless, a *pro se* litigant is not exempt "from compliance with relevant rules of procedural and substantive law." *Triestman*, 470 F.3d at 477 (quoting *Traguth v. Zuck*, 710 F.2d 90, 95 (2d Cir. 1983)).

BACKGROUND

In the submission, which is captioned for the New York State Supreme Court, Clinton County, Petitioner alleges the following:

illegally sentenced as a second time nonviolent felony offender my last nonviolent felony was 13 years ago the max as a first time nonviolent felony offender is 1 to 5 years I received a 1 1/3 to four.¹

(ECF 1 ¶ 3.)

Plaintiff does not identify the conviction he seeks to challenge. According to the New York State Department of Corrections and Community Supervision Inmate Lookup, in 2022, Petitioner was convicted in Dutchess County of criminal possession of stolen property in the fourth degree, and two counts of grand larceny "not auto" in the fourth degree.²

DISCUSSION

I. Recharacterization as Section 2254 Petition

Petitioner appears to be is challenging his 2022 conviction in the New York State

Supreme Court, Dutchess County. This application must therefore be construed as a petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* under Section 2254, because he seeks to challenge "the judgment of a State court only on the ground that he is in custody in violation of the Constitution or laws or

¹ The Court quotes from the petition verbatim. All spelling, grammar, and punctuation are as in the original unless otherwise indicated.

² See https://nysdoccslookup.doccs.ny.gov/ [https://perma.cc/YCV4-APTF].

treaties of the United States." 28 U.S.C. § 2254. If Petitioner does not want to pursue relief under Section 2254, he may notify the Court in writing within 60 days that he wishes to withdraw the application. *See Castro v. United States*, 540 U.S. 375, 383 (2003); *Adams v. United States*, 155 F.3d 582, 584 (2d Cir. 1998) (per curiam); *Cook v. New York State Div. of Parole*, 321 F.3d 274, 282 (2d Cir. 2003). Petitioner will have one opportunity within the limitations period for a full adjudication of his claims. If Petitioner does not inform the Court of his intent within 60 days, the application shall remain designated as a petition under Section 2254.

II. Exhaustion of State Court Remedies

A state prisoner must exhaust all available state remedies before filing a petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* under Section 2254. 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b); *see Rose v. Lundy*, 455 U.S. 509, 510 (1982). This exhaustion doctrine means that the state courts must be given the first opportunity to review constitutional errors associated with Petitioner's confinement. *O'Sullivan v. Boerckel*, 526 U.S. 838, 844-45 (1999). A petitioner may satisfy the exhaustion requirement by fairly presenting his claims through a state's established appellate review process. *Id.* "A petitioner has 'fairly presented' his claim only if he has 'informed the state court of both the factual and legal premises of the claim he asserts in federal court." *Dorsey v. Kelly*, 112 F.3d 50, 52 (2d Cir. 1997) (quoting *Daye v. Attorney General*, 696 F.2d 186, 191 (2d Cir. 1982)).

In order to exhaust any issues for purpose of *habeas corpus* review, Petitioner must appeal his judgment of conviction to the New York State Supreme Court, Appellate Division.

N.Y. Crim. P. L. § 460.70 (McKinney 2010). Should that court's decision adversely affect

Petitioner, he should then seek leave to appeal to the New York Court of Appeals, the highest state court. *Id.* at § 460.20 (McKinney 2010); *see Bagley v. LaVallee*, 332 F.2d 890, 892 (2d Cir. 1964). Should Petitioner assert for *habeas corpus* relief any grounds raised in N.Y. Crim. P. L. § 440.10 motions and/or other collateral motions, he must show that those grounds have been

completely exhausted by seeking leave to appeal to the New York State Supreme Court, Appellate Division. *Ramos v. Walker*, 88 F. Supp. 2d 233 (S.D.N.Y. 2000).

It is not clear that Petitioner has exhausted his state court remedies. According to publicly available records, on September 26, 2022, the New York State Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Second Department, granted Petitioner's motions to prosecute appeals from two criminal judgments as a poor person and for the assignment of counsel. *People v. Latimore*, No. 22-05317, 22-0318, 2022 WL 4462522 (2d Dep't Sept. 26, 2022). There is no indication, however, that the appeals were perfected or that the state court decided the appeals.

The Court grants Petitioner leave to submit an amended petition to detail the steps he has taken to fully exhaust his remedies in the New York State courts. Petitioner must exhaust all available state court remedies in order to proceed with this petition. See 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(1). Petitioner is advised that an amended petition completely replaces the original petition.

CONCLUSION

The Court finds that this application, notwithstanding its designation, should be construed as a petition for a writ of *habeas corpus* under 28 U.S.C. § 2254. If Petitioner does not want to pursue relief under Section 2254, he may notify the Court in writing within 60 days that he wishes to withdraw the application.

If Petitioner wishes to pursue relief under Section 2254, he must file an amended petition:
(1) setting forth all of this grounds relief and facts in support of those grounds; and (2) showing

¹ A prisoner seeking *habeas* relief under Section 2254 must generally file a petition within one year from the latest of four benchmark dates: (1) when the judgment of conviction becomes final; (2) when a government-created impediment to making such a motion is removed; (3) when the constitutional right asserted is initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if it has been made retroactively available to cases on collateral review; or (4) when the facts supporting the claim(s) could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d)(1)-(2)

that he has fully exhausted his state court remedies. The amended petition must be submitted to

the Clerk's Office within 60 days of the date of this order, be captioned as an "Amended

Petition" and bear the same docket number as this order. An Amended Petition Under 28 U.S.C.

§ 2254 form is attached to this order, which Petitioner should complete as specified above.

Once submitted, the amended petition shall be reviewed for substantive sufficiency, and

then, if proper, the case will be reassigned to a district judge in accordance with the procedures

of the Clerk's Office. If Petitioner fails to comply with this order within the time allowed, and

cannot show good cause to excuse such failure, the petition will be dismissed without prejudice.

No answer shall be required at this time.

Because Petitioner has not at this time made a substantial showing of a denial of a

constitutional right, a certificate of appealability will not issue. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253.

The Court certifies, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3), that any appeal from this order

would not be taken in good faith and therefore IFP status is denied for the purpose of an appeal.

See Coppedge v. United States, 369 U.S. 438, 444-45 (1962).

SO ORDERED.

Dated:

August 21, 2024

New York, New York

/s/ Laura Taylor Swain

LAURA TAYLOR SWAIN

Chief United States District Judge

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Petition for Relief From a Conviction or Sentence By a Person in State Custody

(Petition Under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 for a Writ of Habeas Corpus)

Instructions

- 1. To use this form, you must be a person who is currently serving a sentence under a judgment against you in a state court. You are asking for relief from the conviction or the sentence. This form is your petition for relief.
- 2. You may also use this form to challenge a state judgment that imposed a sentence to be served in the future, but you must fill in the name of the state where the judgment was entered. If you want to challenge a federal judgment that imposed a sentence to be served in the future, you should file a motion under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 in the federal court that entered the judgment.
- 3. Make sure the form is typed or neatly written.
- 4. You must tell the truth and sign the form. If you make a false statement of a material fact, you may be prosecuted for perjury.
- 5. Answer all the questions. You do not need to cite law. You may submit additional pages if necessary. If you do not fill out the form properly, you will be asked to submit additional or correct information. If you want to submit a brief or arguments, you must submit them in a separate memorandum.
- 6. You must pay a fee of \$5. If the fee is paid, your petition will be filed. If you cannot pay the fee, you may ask to proceed in forma pauperis (as a poor person). To do that, you must fill out the last page of this form. Also, you must submit a certificate signed by an officer at the institution where you are confined showing the amount of money that the institution is holding for you. If your account exceeds \$, you must pay the filing fee.
- 7. In this petition, you may challenge the judgment entered by only one court. If you want to challenge a judgment entered by a different court (either in the same state or in different states), you must file a separate petition.
- 8. When you have completed the form, send the original and ____ copies to the Clerk of the United States District Court at this address:

Clerk, United States District Court for Address City, State Zip Code

- 9. <u>CAUTION:</u> You must include in this petition all the grounds for relief from the conviction or sentence that you challenge. And you must state the facts that support each ground. If you fail to set forth all the grounds in this petition, you may be barred from presenting additional grounds at a later date.
- 10. <u>CAPITAL CASES:</u> If you are under a sentence of death, you are entitled to the assistance of counsel and should request the appointment of counsel.

AO 241 (Rev. 06/13) **AMENDED**

PETITION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2254 FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS BY A PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY

	United State	s Dist	rict Cou	ırt	Dis	trict:			
Name (under which you were convicted):							Docket or Case N	No.:	
Place o	f Confinement :						Prisoner No.:		
Petition	ner (include the name under	which y	you were c	convicted)	Res	pondent (authorized person h	aving custody of petition	oner)
				V.					
The At	torney General of the S	State of	f						
				AMENDE					
				PETIT	ION				
1.	(a) Name and locatio	n of a	ourt that	antared the judgmen	t of a	onviotion	van ere ehellen	aina:	
1.	(a) Name and locatio	11 01 0	ourt mai	entered the judgmen	11 01 0	Olivicuoi	i you are chanen	ging.	
	(b) Criminal docket of	or case	numbei	r (if you know):					
2.	(a) Date of the judgm	nent of	f convict	ion (if you know):					
	(b) Date of sentencin	g:							
3.	Length of sentence:								
4.	In this case, were you	u conv	victed on	more than one coun	t or o	f more th	an one crime?	□ Yes □	No
5.	Identify all crimes of	whicl	h you we	ere convicted and ser	ntence	ed in this	case:		
6.	(a) What was your pl								
			(1)	Not guilty	_	(3)	Nolo contende	ere (no contest)	
			(2)	Guilty		(4)	Insanity plea		

AO 241 Page 3 (Rev. 06/13) (b) If you entered a guilty plea to one count or charge and a not guilty plea to another count or charge, what did you plead guilty to and what did you plead not guilty to? (c) If you went to trial, what kind of trial did you have? (Check one) □ Jury Judge only 7. Did you testify at a pretrial hearing, trial, or a post-trial hearing? □ Yes □ No 8. Did you appeal from the judgment of conviction? □ Yes □ No 9. If you did appeal, answer the following: (a) Name of court: (b) Docket or case number (if you know): (c) Result: (d) Date of result (if you know): (e) Citation to the case (if you know): (f) Grounds raised: (g) Did you seek further review by a higher state court? □ Yes □ No If yes, answer the following: (1) Name of court: (2) Docket or case number (if you know): (3) Result:

(4) Date of result (if you know):

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		(5) Citation to	the case (if you kn	now):				
		(6) Grounds ra	ised:					
	(h) Dio	l you file a petition	on for certiorari in	the United States Su	preme Court?	□ Yes	□ No	
		If yes, answer	the following:					
		(1) Docket or o	case number (if yo	u know):				
		(2) Result:						
		(3) Date of res	ult (if you know):					
		(4) Citation to	the case (if you kn	now):				
10.	Other	han the direct ap	peals listed above,	, have you previously	filed any other petit	ions, applicatio	ons, or motion	1S
	concer	ning this judgme	nt of conviction in	any state court?	☐ Yes	□ No		
11.	If your	answer to Quest	ion 10 was "Yes,"	give the following in	nformation:			
	(a)	(1) Name of co	ourt:					
		(2) Docket or o	case number (if yo	u know):				
		(3) Date of fili	ng (if you know):					
		(4) Nature of t	he proceeding:					
		(5) Grounds ra	ised:					
		(6) Did you re	ceive a hearing wh	ere evidence was giv	ven on your petition,	application, or	motion?	
		□ Yes	□ No					
		(7) Result:						
		(8) Date of res	ult (if you know):					

(b) If you filed any second petition, application, or motion, give the same information:
(1) Name of court:
(2) Docket or case number (if you know):
(3) Date of filing (if you know):
(4) Nature of the proceeding:
(5) Grounds raised:
(6) Did you receive a hearing where evidence was given on your petition, application, or motion?
☐ Yes ☐ No
(7) Result:
(8) Date of result (if you know):
(c) If you filed any third petition, application, or motion, give the same information:
(1) Name of court:
(2) Docket or case number (if you know):
(3) Date of filing (if you know):
(4) Nature of the proceeding:
(5) Grounds raised:

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	(6) Did you receive a h	nearing where e	vide	ence was given on your petition, application, or motion?
	□ Yes □ No			
	(7) Result:			
	(8) Date of result (if yo	ou know):		
	(d) Did you appeal to the highes	st state court ha	ving	g jurisdiction over the action taken on your petition, application,
	or motion?			
	(1) First petition:	□ Yes		No
	(2) Second petition:	□ Yes		No
	(3) Third petition:	□ Yes		No
	(e) If you did not appeal to the h	nighest state cou	urt l	naving jurisdiction, explain why you did not:
12.				claim that you are being held in violation of the Constitution, ional pages if you have more than four grounds. State the facts
	state-court remedies on each g	ground on whic	ch y	u must ordinarily first exhaust (use up) your available you request action by the federal court. Also, if you fail to set e barred from presenting additional grounds at a later date.
GROU	IND ONE:			
(a) Sun	morting facts (Do not argue or cite	- law Tust state	the	specific facts that support your claim.):
(u) Sup	porting mass (50 not argue or one	iaw. vast state	tiic	specific facts that support your claims.).
(b) If y	ou did not exhaust your state reme	edies on Ground	d Oı	ne, explain why:

AO 241 Page 7 (Rev. 06/13) **Direct Appeal of Ground One:** (c) (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes □ No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why: (d) Post-Conviction Proceedings: (1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in a state trial court? □ No ☐ Yes (2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state: Type of motion or petition: Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed: Docket or case number (if you know): Date of the court's decision: Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available): (3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition? Yes П □ No (4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition? Yes □ No (5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal? Yes □ No (6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state: Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed: Docket or case number (if you know): Date of the court's decision: Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):

(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not raise this issue:

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(e) O	other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have	;				
used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground One:						
GRO	OUND TWO:					
(a) Su	upporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):					
(b) If	You did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground Two, explain why:					
(a)	Direct Annual of Cround Two					
(c)	Direct Appeal of Ground Two: (1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? [7] Ves. [7] No.					
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did <u>not</u> raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:					
	(2) If you did <u>not</u> false this issue in your direct appear, explain why.					
(d)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:					
(u)	(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in a state trial court?					
	☐ Yes ☐ No					
	(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state:					
	Type of motion or petition:					
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:					
	•					
	Docket or case number (if you know):					

Date of the court's decision:

Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):

(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition?	□	Yes		No
(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition?		Yes	□	No
(5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?		Yes		No
(6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state:				
Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:				
Docket or case number (if you know):				
Date of the court's decision:				
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):				
(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did	not r	aise this is	ssue:	
Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrati	ve re	medies, et	c.) th	nat you :
have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Two				•
IND THREE.				

GROUND THREE:

(e)

(a) Supporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):

(b) If	you did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground Three, explain why:									
(c)	Direct Appeal of Ground Three:									
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue?		Yes	□ No						
	(2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:									
(d)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:									
	(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas co	rpus	in a state	trial court?						
	☐ Yes ☐ No									
	(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state:									
	Type of motion or petition:									
	Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:									
	Docket or case number (if you know):									
	Date of the court's decision:									
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):									
	(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition?	□	Yes	□ No						
	(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition?		Yes	□ No						
	(5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?		Yes	□ No						
	(6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state:									
	Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:									
	Docket or case number (if you know):									
	Date of the court's decision:									
	Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):									

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	(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did not raise this issue:
(e)	Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative remedies, etc.) that you have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Three:
GROU	UND FOUR:
(a) Sup	oporting facts (Do not argue or cite law. Just state the specific facts that support your claim.):
(b) If y	you did not exhaust your state remedies on Ground Four, explain why:
(c)	Direct Appeal of Ground Four:
	(1) If you appealed from the judgment of conviction, did you raise this issue? Yes No (2) If you did not raise this issue in your direct appeal, explain why:
(d)	Post-Conviction Proceedings:
, ,	(1) Did you raise this issue through a post-conviction motion or petition for habeas corpus in a state trial court?
	□ Yes □ No
	(2) If your answer to Question (d)(1) is "Yes," state:
	Type of motion or petition:

(e)

Name and location of the court where the motion or petition was filed:					
Docket or case number (if you know):					
Date of the court's decision:					
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):					
(3) Did you receive a hearing on your motion or petition?		Yes	□ No		
(4) Did you appeal from the denial of your motion or petition?		Yes	□ No		
(5) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," did you raise this issue in the appeal?		Yes	□ No		
(6) If your answer to Question (d)(4) is "Yes," state:					
Name and location of the court where the appeal was filed:					
Docket or case number (if you know):					
Date of the court's decision:					
Result (attach a copy of the court's opinion or order, if available):					
(7) If your answer to Question (d)(4) or Question (d)(5) is "No," explain why you did	not ra	aise this i	issue:		
Other Remedies: Describe any other procedures (such as habeas corpus, administrative	ve re	medies, e	etc.) that you		
have used to exhaust your state remedies on Ground Four:					

13.	Please answer these additional questions about the petition you are filing:									
	(a)	Have all grounds for relief that you have raised in this petition been presented to the highest state court								
		having jurisdiction?								
		If your answer is "No," state which grounds have not been so presented and give your reason(s) for not								
		presenting them:								
	(b)	Is there any ground in this petition that has not been presented in some state or federal court? If so, which								
		ground or grounds have not been presented, and state your reasons for not presenting them:								
14.	•	you previously filed any type of petition, application, or motion in a federal court regarding the conviction ou challenge in this petition?								
	If "Yes," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, the issues									
		, the date of the court's decision, and the result for each petition, application, or motion filed. Attach a copy								
	of any court opinion or order, if available.									
	or uny	court opinion of order, it distincts								
15.	Do yo	u have any petition or appeal now pending (filed and not decided yet) in any court, either state or federal, for								
	the juc	lgment you are challenging? □ Yes □ No								
	If "Ye	s," state the name and location of the court, the docket or case number, the type of proceeding, and the issues								

16.	Give the name and address, if you know, of each attorney who represented you in the following stages of the						
	judgment you are challenging:						
	(a) At preliminary hearing:						
	(b) At arraignment and plea:						
	(c) At trial:						
	(d) At sentencing:						
	(e) On appeal:						
	(f) In any post-conviction proceeding:						
	(g) On appeal from any ruling against you in a post-conviction proceeding:						
17.	Do you have any future sentence to serve after you complete the sentence for the judgment that you are						
	challenging?						
	(a) If so, give name and location of court that imposed the other sentence you will serve in the future:						
	(b) Give the date the other sentence was imposed:						
	(c) Give the length of the other sentence:						
	(d) Have you filed, or do you plan to file, any petition that challenges the judgment or sentence to be served in the						
	future?						
18.	TIMELINESS OF PETITION: If your judgment of conviction became final over one year ago, you must explain						
	why the one-year statute of limitations as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d) does not bar your petition.*						

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- (1) A one-year period of limitation shall apply to an application for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in custody pursuant to the judgment of a State court. The limitation period shall run from the latest of -
 - (A) the date on which the judgment became final by the conclusion of direct review or the expiration of the time for seeking such review;
 - (B) the date on which the impediment to filing an application created by State action in violation of the Constitution or laws of the United States is removed, if the applicant was prevented from filing by such state action;
 - (C) the date on which the constitutional right asserted was initially recognized by the Supreme Court, if the right has been newly recognized by the Supreme Court and made retroactively applicable to cases on collateral review; or
 - (D) the date on which the factual predicate of the claim or claims presented could have been discovered through the exercise of due diligence.

^{*} The Antiterrorism and Effective Death Penalty Act of 1996 ("AEDPA") as contained in 28 U.S.C. § 2244(d) provides in part that:

AO 241 Page 16 (Rev. 06/13) (2) The time during which a properly filed application for State post-conviction or other collateral review with respect to the pertinent judgment or claim is pending shall not be counted toward any period of limitation under this subsection. Therefore, petitioner asks that the Court grant the following relief: or any other relief to which petitioner may be entitled. Signature of Attorney (if any) I declare (or certify, verify, or state) under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct and that this Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus was placed in the prison mailing system on (month, date, year). Executed (signed) on (date). Signature of Petitioner

If the person signing is not petitioner, state relationship to petitioner and explain why petitioner is not signing this petition.

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